

Voltage Matters – Flexibility Webinar

Key Takeaways by Presentation

Opening & Forum Update (Jon Hiscock, Ian Cooper, Richard Parke)

- **Voltage Matters is evolving** from a discussion forum into a **problem-solving, collaborative industry space**.
 - **EA Technology acquisition of Fundamentals** strengthens capability and signals continued commitment to the forum.
 - Key recurring industry themes:
 - Voltage increasingly acting as a **constraint**, especially at LV (e.g. EV charging tripping issues).
 - **Legacy planning assumptions** are no longer fit for dynamic, decentralised systems.
 - **Limited LV visibility** remains a critical barrier.
 - Ongoing **regulatory and standards changes** (e.g. ESQCR, wiring regs) will shape future solutions.
 - Big opportunity: **smarter voltage management** to unlock capacity and reduce curtailment.
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Gary Swandells – DSO Performance & Regulation

- Current DSO performance framework (ED2):
 - Relies heavily on **qualitative assessment + stakeholder input**, not hard metrics (yet).
- **ED3 will introduce stronger outcome-based metrics**, including:
 - DER integration
 - Voltage management
 - Operational efficiency
- Key message:
 - 👉 **Stakeholder engagement matters**
 - Industry input directly influences DSO performance scoring and incentives.
- Important shift:
 - **Innovation ≠ ambition**
 - Value is recognised when solutions are **implemented at scale (BAU)**, not just piloted.

- Challenge identified:
 - Industry suffers from “**pilot-itis**” and **siloed innovation**
 - Need stronger **cross-network adoption of proven solutions**
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■ Julian Leslie (NESO) – Operating a Decarbonised System

- Huge progress toward **zero-carbon system operation**:
 - Recently achieved **97.7% zero-carbon operation for short periods**.
- Flexibility requirement:
 - Increase from **~4 GW today to ~12 GW by 2030**.

⚡ Why voltage is now a major challenge:

- System has shifted from **static** → **highly dynamic**
- Key drivers:
 - Rapid swings in demand and generation (within hours)
 - High renewable penetration → **lightly loaded networks causing voltage rise**
 - Growth in **inverter-based technologies** (solar, EVs, batteries)
 - Changing consumer loads (LEDs, electronics, overnight charging)

🔧 Solutions being deployed:

- Reactive power assets & **Pathfinder projects**
- **Switching out circuits** (now routine operational tool)
- Use of **HVDC and network configuration**
- Improved modelling and forecasting
- Collaboration with DSOs to:
 - Access **distributed reactive power**
 - Improve **whole-system voltage control**

👉 Key insight:

Voltage control is now a **whole-system problem**, not just transmission vs distribution.

■ James Harrow and Olayinka Ayo, Project SOLVE (GEO & EDF UK)

🎯 Core idea:

Use **smart meter + in-home device data** to deliver **real-time LV visibility and control**.

Key findings:

- Current visibility is too slow:
 - Smart meter data is **half-hourly and retrospective**
- High-resolution (seconds-level) data enables:
 - Faster fault detection
 - Proactive voltage management

Emerging issues:

- **EV charging + heat pumps + batteries** causing:
 - Voltage fluctuations
 - Increasing customer complaints
- Estimated:
 - ~28,000 EV chargers impacted by voltage issues
 - Potential **£25m+/year investigation cost** for DNOs

Proposed solutions:

- Real-time monitoring via **in-home displays / CAD devices**
- **Appliance-level flexibility control** (turning devices on/off to manage voltage)
- Adoption of:
 - **OpenADR** (flexibility standard)
 - **Matter** (interoperable smart home ecosystem)

Value to DNOs:

- Reduced complaints & site visits
- Better targeting of flexibility
- Improved planning and forecasting
- Alignment with Ofgem incentives

Key insight:

Future flexibility will be **hyper-local and device-level**, not just grid-level.

Andy Howard (Electricity North West) – Project QUEST

Objective:

Deliver **whole-system coordinated voltage optimisation** across all voltage levels.

What was achieved:

- Real-time voltage control across:
 - LV (Smart Street)
 - HV (CLASS)
 - 33kV (new enhancements)
- Developed **network-wide optimisation software**
- Integrated:
 - Third-party systems (e.g. DER, aggregators)
 - Digital twin modelling

Key outcomes:

- Proven ability to:
 - Optimise voltage across the network simultaneously
 - Balance multiple priorities:
 - Customer savings
 - Loss reduction
 - Flexibility services
- Demonstrated:
 - **Interoperability with external systems is feasible**
 - Digital twins are effective for validation

Key insight:

Coordinated, multi-level voltage control can unlock **significant system-wide benefits**, beyond siloed approaches.

Overall Cross-Cutting Takeaways

1. Voltage is becoming a primary system constraint

- Driven by decentralisation, electrification, and renewables

2. Visibility at LV is still a critical gap

- Real-time data is essential for future operation

3. Flexibility is shifting:

- From **centralised** → **distributed** → **hyper-local**
- Increasing role of **consumer devices**

4. Industry challenge:

- Moving from **innovation pilots** → **scalable deployment (BAU)**

5. Whole-system coordination is essential:

- Transmission + distribution + consumers must act together

6. Regulation is evolving:

- ED3 will place stronger emphasis on:
 - Outcomes
 - Voltage management
 - Flexibility effectiveness